



Trimalleolar Fractures

Patients with trimalleolar ankle fractures who received a **posterolateral buttress plate** had **superior clinical outcomes at follow-up** compared to those treated with AP screws.¹

Posterior Distal Tibia Plates act as a buttress and support the most distal posterior corners.

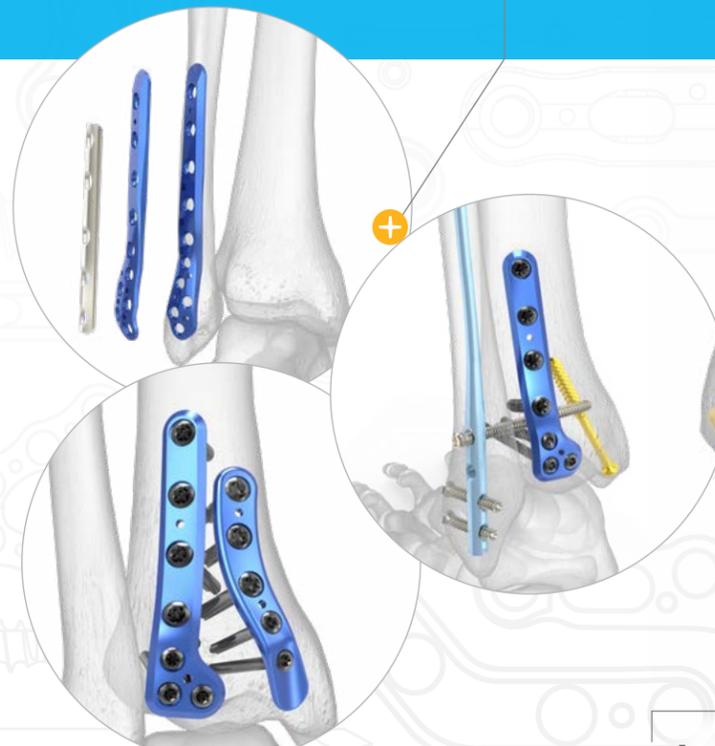
What's Your Ankle Fracture Challenge?

Avulsion Fractures

The Hook Plates include two distal prongs that **wrap around the distal tip of the medial malleolus**.

The Locking Peg Hook Plates provide added fixation with a distal 2.3 mm Cortical Peg, **which captures and reduces the fragment**.

 The Hook Plate Reduction handle allows for **controlled fixation and reduction**.



Lateral Malleolar Fractures

The **minimal approach used with a fibula nail** rather than plate fixation has been observed to **decrease the incidence of wound infection** and reduce the need for further surgery to remove prominent hardware while providing stable fixation.²

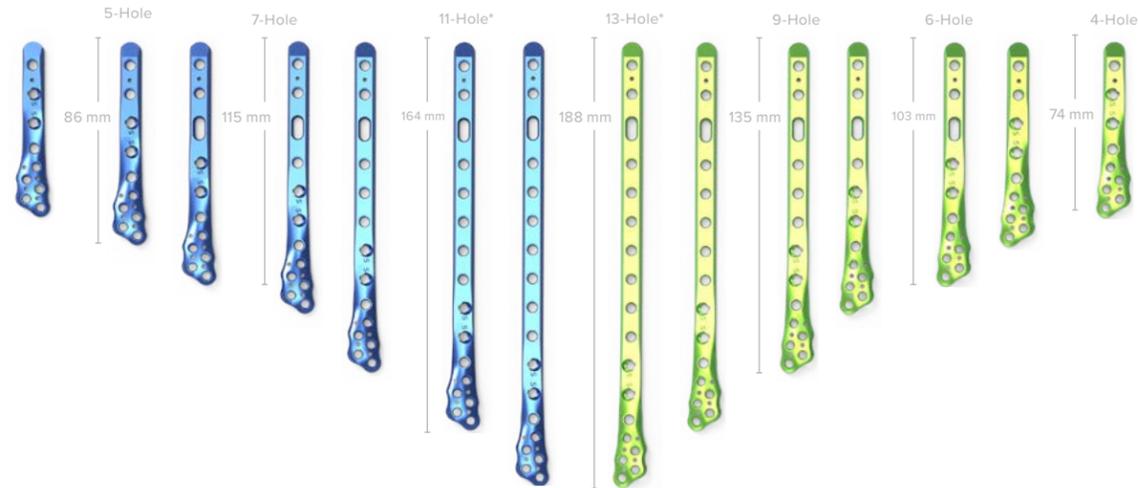
For more information:
go.acumed.net/AnkleSolutions
888.627.9957

1. O'Connor, TJ, Mueller, B, Ly, TV, et al. "A to P" screw versus posterolateral plate for posterior malleolus fixation in trimalleolar ankle fractures. *Journ Orthop Trauma*. 2015;29(4):e151-6.
2. Appleton P, McQueen M, Court-Brown C. The fibula nail for treatment of ankle fractures in elderly and high risk patients. *Tech Foot Ankle Surg*. 2006; 5(3):204-208.

We Have Your Fixation Solution.

Ankle Plating System 3

Lateral Fibula Plates



Hook Plates and Locking Peg Hook Plates



Medial Anti-Glide Plate



4.0 mm Cannulated Screws



Posterolateral Fibula Plates



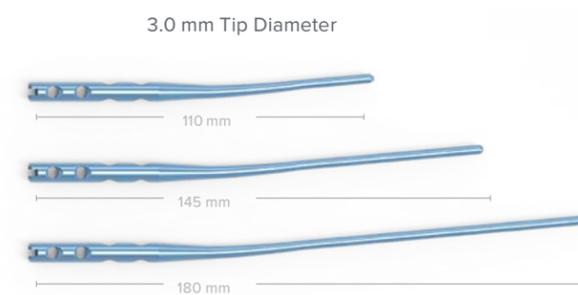
Posterolateral Distal Tibia Plates



Posteromedial Distal Tibia Plates



Fibula Rod System



*Note: The 11-hole and 13-hole Lateral Fibula Plates are only available sterile-packed and are not housed in the Ankle Plating System 3 tray.